Department of Energy
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# POWERING REMOTE NORTHERN VILLAGES WITH THE MIDNIGHT SUN

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#### Project Location

 Alaska Native Gwich'in communities of Arctic Village and Venetie are in northeast Alaska.

 There are no roads to our communities.

 We are north of the Arctic Circle.



#### Project Location (cont.)

Our backyard is...



... the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, home to the Porcupine Caribou Herd.

Prudh Bay

Fort Yuko:

. McKinley

Vakutai

horage Valdez

Umiat

McGrath

Kodia)

Kotzebue

Bethel

Dillingham

Powering Remote Northern Villages with the Midnight Sun

#### Project Overview

 The Native Village of Venetie Tribal Government, is the governing body of the 1.8 million acre Venetie Indian Reserve, our tribal homeland, part of the Gwich'in Nation.



 Our culture, tradition, and subsistence depend upon the Porcupine Caribou Herd.

#### Project Overview (cont.)

 Our remote communities are dependent on diesel fuel for most of our energy needs.



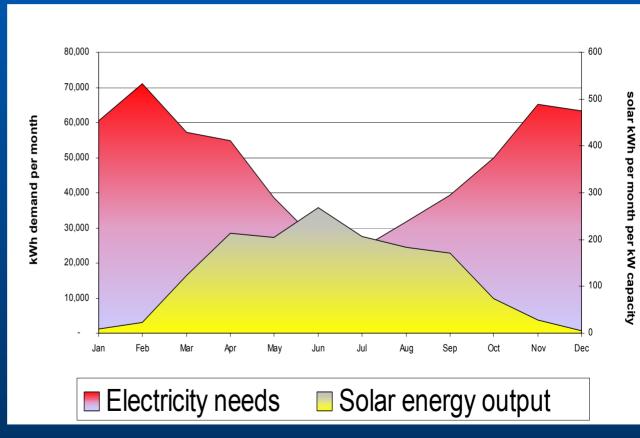
 We want to reduce our dependency, and increase our self-sufficiency.

#### Project Overview (cont.)

During the summer...

we use much <u>less</u> electricity

and we have sunlight 24/7.



#### Project Overview (cont.)

- We believe solar electricity, together with better energy efficiency, can:
  - teach our young people new skills
  - maintain our subsistence ways
  - save fuel and money in our villages
  - lessen environmental risks of fuel use

#### Project Team

NVVTG

**Native Village of Venetie Tribal Government** 

- Arctic Village Electric Utility
- Venetie Electric Utility
- EES

**Earth Energy Systems** 

IPEC

**Independence Power & Energy Consulting** 

NREL

**National Renewable Energy Laboratory** 

#### Project Objectives

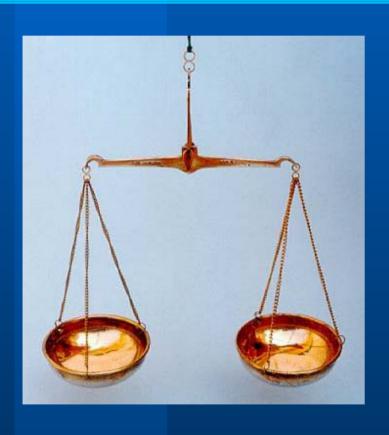
 Develop new skills among our young people to help maintain our subsistence way of life.



- Assess our current energy use and growth to better know how and where we use our fuel.
- Evaluate our existing PV systems' fuel savings and integration with our village electricity grids.

Identify & implement energy conservation measures to reduce our electricity and heating fuel use.





 Determine costs & benefits for solar electric & energy storage systems that can greatly displace our diesel power during summer.

 Identify best sustainable systems for our villages.



 Develop a business plan to implement the projects.

 Pass our knowledge on to our young people and to other villages.



#### Project Background

- Our village electric power systems are separate.
- Each village has its own diesel-fired generators.



- All our diesel fuel is delivered by air tankers.
- There are great risks and costs involved.



Our energy costs are very high:

\$0.51 per kWh electricity

\$4.25 per gallon gasoline

\$3.25 per gallon heating fuel

\$110 per 100 lb propane

- In year 2000 we began an examination of our renewable energy resources.
- Airport weather histories indicated our wind resources were low quality.
- Better wind resources may exist, but not near to our village power systems.

 Our Chandalar river is powerful, but hydropower potential cannot be developed easily due to extreme climate and remote locations.



 In 2001 we installed several small photovoltaic (PV) systems.





 Identical 1.2 kW arrays atop our village washeteria buildings are tied to our electric grids.

- Initially we had limited ability to monitor our PV performance.
- We did find our small electric grids had unstable power, making integration of PV power output difficult.
- Nevertheless our energy programs have reduced our diesel fuel consumption.

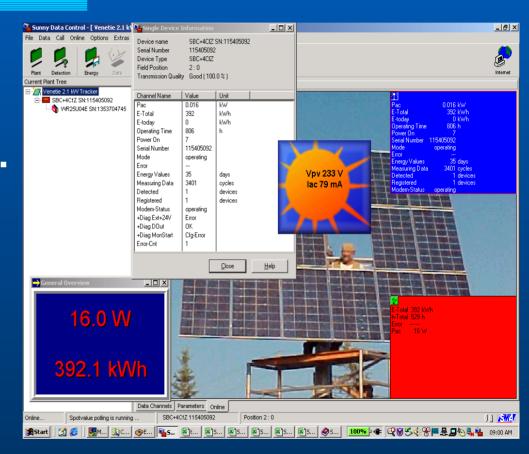
- In summer 2002, we installed our 3<sup>rd</sup> PV system.
- 2.2 kW on a 360° tracking-array in Venetie.



 Now we can get 24-hour summer solar power.



- We also installed a PV performance monitoring system.
- We learned how to avoid most of our earlier power system integration problems.

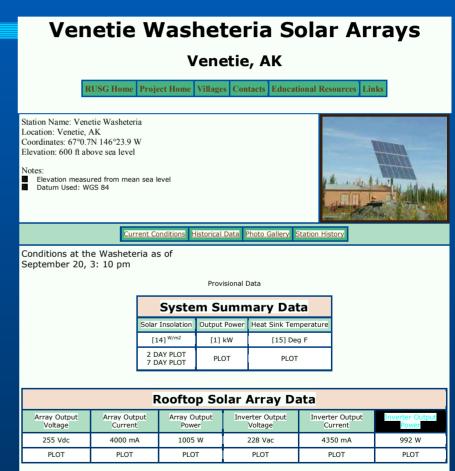


- In fall 2002, we upgraded our fixed-array PV system components after a manufacturer's recall.
- We integrated the upgraded components with our performance monitoring system.
- Upgrades helped to solve earlier power system integration problems.

 In summer 2003, we enabled internet viewing of our PV system performance in near-realtime.

http://www.rusg.com/educational/nrthrnsol/stations/stations.shtml

 We hope to develop a local school curriculum around it.



- Our fixed-array PV systems have been working well since our upgrades, but our tracker really delivers.
- In summer 2004, we will install an identical 2.2 kW tracking-array in Arctic Village.



#### Requested Technical Support

- Input into developing models of
  - our power consumption,
     especially during summer
  - hybrid power generation with PV, energy storage, & diesel to meet our needs all year long
- Input into designs and costs of hybrid power systems

## Requested Technical Support (cont.)

- Help finding ways to reduce our summertime power consumption for refrigeration
- Ideas for non-hazmat energy storage technologies we might use

### Questions?



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#### No more of this!



Powering Remote Northern Villages with the Midnight Sun